

## 5.5

Determine the amplitude, period, phase (horizontal) shift, end of basic cycle, and vertical shift of each function. Then sketch a graph of each one.

1.  $y = \sin(x)$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $y = 3 \sin(x)$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $y = 3 \sin(x) - 1$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $y = 4 \sin(x) - 2$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $y = \sin(x - \pi) + 3$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

6.  $y = 2 \sin(2x) - 2$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

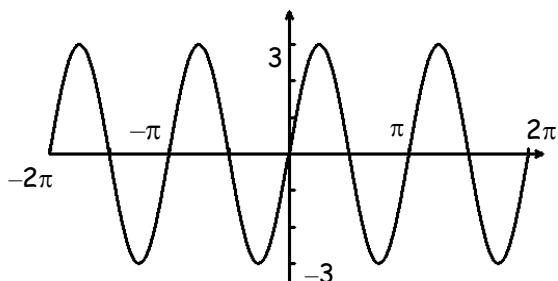
7.  $y = \sin(\frac{1}{2}x - \pi) - 1$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

8.  $y = -4 \sin(x - \pi)$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

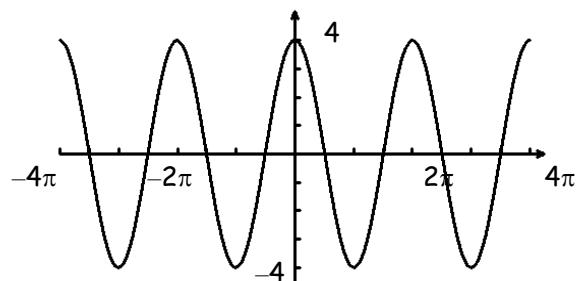
9.  $y = 3 \sin(-2x)$   
 Amp. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 Period = \_\_\_\_\_  
 H.S. = \_\_\_\_\_  
 End cycle = \_\_\_\_\_  
 V.S. = \_\_\_\_\_

Give the amplitude and period of each function graphed below. Then write an equation of each graph.

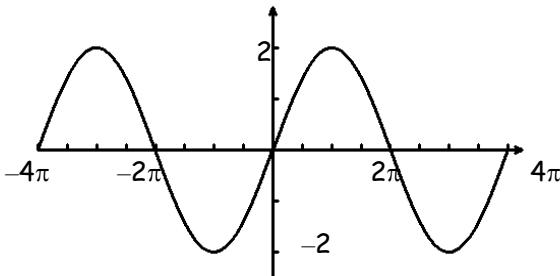
10.



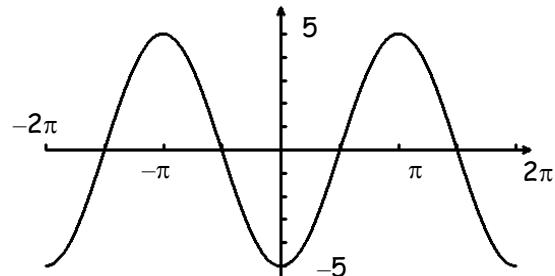
11.



12.



13.



**Do on your own paper.**

Determine the amplitude, period, phase shift, and vertical shift for each.

1.  $y = 2 \sin 3x$
3.  $y = 3 \cos 4x$
5.  $y = \cos 2x - 5$
7.  $y = \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x$

2.  $y = \sin(x - \pi)$
4.  $y = 3 \sin 6x - 3$
6.  $y = \cos(x - \pi)$
8.  $y = 3 \cos \frac{1}{2}x + 4$

Sketch the graph of each function for one period.

9.  $y = \sin 2x + 3$
11.  $y = \sin(x - \pi) - 1$
13.  $y = \cos 2(x - \pi)$

10.  $y = \cos 2x - 1$
12.  $y = 3 \sin x - 1$
14.  $y = \sin \frac{1}{2}(x - \pi) + 2$

15. Find an equation for a sine function that has amplitude of 4, a period of  $180^\circ$ , and a y-intercept of -3.
16. Find an equation for a cosine function that has an amplitude of  $\frac{3}{5}$ , a period of  $270^\circ$ , and a y-intercept of 5.